

# HIV Prevention to End the HIV Epidemic in the United States

# **WEST VIRGINIA**

CDC awarded **\$1.10M** to health departments and community-based organizations in West Virginia for HIV prevention and care activities.

Current data are available online at AtlasPlus.

## West Virginians

with HIV will face an average lifetime cost of

## \$510,000

to treat their infection (2020 dollars).

**DIAGNOSE:** Diagnose all people with HIV as early as possible

**19%** 

of **West Virginians** with HIV are **unaware of their status,** which means they aren't getting the HIV care they need. 210

**new HIV infections** occurred in West Virginia.

6,505

HIV tests were provided in West Virginia with CDC funding. HIV testing enables people to know their HIV status.

#### How CDC Dollars Can Improve DIAGNOSES:

- Expand routine screening of people in health care settings
- Increase testing in non-traditional settings (e.g., jails, emergency departments, street-based services)
- Increase access to and use of HIV self-tests
- Integrate STI and viral hepatitis screening into HIV testing services



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



How CDC Dollars Can Improve TREATMENT:

There are **2,400** people with HIV in **West Virginia**.

Linking people with HIV to care within one month

is a critical step to providing rapid access to HIV

- **Expand** access to telemedicine
- Develop networks to rapidly link persons with recently diagnosed HIV to care services
- Integrate HIV, STI, and hepatitis treatment to holistically address the syndemic

**PREVENT:** Prevent new HIV transmissions by using proven interventions, including pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and syringe services programs (SSPs)

Syringe Services Programs (SSPs) are community-based public health programs that provide access to services to prevent HIV and viral hepatitis infections and address other syndemic issues.

**28 counties in West Virginia** were determined by CDC to be experiencing or at risk of an HIV outbreak or significant increase in hepatitis infections due to injection drug use.

**64% of West Virginians** with diagnosed HIV are

regularly, they become virally suppressed, allowing

When a person with HIV takes their medicine

them to live a long and healthy life and have

effectively no risk of sexually transmitting HIV.

8 SSPs operate in West Virginia<sup>\*</sup>

#### How CDC Dollars Can Improve PREVENTION:

- Increase access to and awareness of PrEP through innovations such as TelePrEP, a critical prevention tool in the context of COVID-19
- **Expand** access to SSPs and their capacity to provide integrated prevention services including PrEP
- **Implement** a status neutral approach to HIV prevention

**RESPOND:** Respond early to potential HIV clusters or outbreaks to get prevention and treatment services to people who need them

**26** Rapidly growing clusters nationally

#### How CDC Dollars Can Improve RESPONSE:

- Direct prevention and treatment resources to priority populations
- Promote equity in health services
- Build a competent workforce to address response activities

### How CDC Dollars Can Build Workforce Capacity

CDC is providing funds to build a competent HIV prevention workforce that is representative of the communities they serve.

CDC offers technical assistance and HIV prevention trainings to build workforce capacity.

Nationally, learners from **216** unique organizations completed 565 HIV prevention courses with the most requested content area being increasing awareness of, access to, and adherence to PrEP.

\* These data were pulled on 1/13/2022 from NASEN (https://nasen.org/) and only represents SSPs who have authorized NASEN to publish their information.

virally suppressed.



medicines.





Cutting-edge public health approaches turn HIV data into action by identifying areas with rapid transmission and expanding resources to maximize prevention and treatment efforts.

