## **Supplemental Material:**

## Infection Control Assessment of Laundry Facility Preparedness to Keep Healthcare Textiles Clean

Laundry facility name:					
Address:					
Laundry representative:					
Assessment conducted by: Date of assessment:					
Risk assessment and quality assurance					
Criteria	Assessment		Notes		
Does the healthcare facility serve high-risk patients?*	□Yes	□No			
Laundry personnel qualifications					
Have the laundry facility supervisors completed training and education in management of healthcare laundry?	□Yes	□No			
Are any of the frontline supervisors certified in laundry management?	□Yes	□No			
Have washroom personnel completed education and training in handling of healthcare laundry?	□Yes	□No			
Laundry facility-built environment					
Are the external horizontal surfaces (e.g., roof line) free from obvious lint?	□Yes	□No			
Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC)					
The facility has an HVAC system	□Yes	□No			
Has the facility provided a ventilation statement from an HVAC professional or Industrial Hygienist verifying:					
Negative air pressure relationship on soiled side in relation to the clean side?	□Yes	□No			
Minimum 10 air changes per hour on the soiled side?	□Yes	□No			
Minimum 2 air changes per hour on the clean side?	□Yes	□No			
Positive air pressure relationship on the clean side in relation to the soiled side?	□Yes	□No			
Minimum one filter bed (in series) with MERV 8 on the clean side?	□Yes	□No			
HVAC preventive maintenance is current?	□Yes	□No			
In which of the following ways is the soiled side separated from the clean side? (select one)					
☐ A physical wall					
$\square$ An air curtain (e.g., plastic sheets separate space)					
$\square$ Separation maintained only by space and timing of tasks					
$\square$ No separation is present					
Are surfaces throughout the facility constructed from materials that withstand wet cleaning and high humidity?	□Yes	□No			
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General Infection Prevention				
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)				
Is PPE (e.g., gowns, gloves, face mask) readily available for personnel working on the soiled side to use?	$\square$ Yes	□No		
Are personnel working on the soiled side wearing PPE when actively handling soiled linens?	□Yes	□No		
Do personnel doff and discard PPE and perform hand hygiene before entering the clean work area of the laundry?	□Yes	□No		
Is all regulated medical waste contained and managed?	□Yes	□No		
Hand Hygiene				
Is alcohol-based hand rub (with 60–95% alcohol) available within the workflow of employees throughout the facility for use?	□Yes	□No		
Are handwashing sinks functional?	$\square$ Yes	□No		
Are handwashing sinks supplied with soap and equipment to dry hands (e.g., towels or air)?	□Yes	□No		
Laundry facility clean textile work area				
Are laundry carts cleaned and disinfected each time they come to the laundry facility?	□Yes	□No		
Is an EPA-registered healthcare disinfectant used to clean and disinfect laundry carts?	□Yes	□No		
What is the EPA registration number?				
On which <u>EPA list</u> is this chemical included?				
Are surfaces throughout the facility visibly clean and free from obvious lint?	□Yes	□No		
Are surfaces in the clean textile work area routine cleaned with an EPA registered healthcare disinfectant?	$\square$ Yes	□No		
Are cleaned textiles maintained at positive pressure relative to the soiled side?	□Yes	□No		
Are louvers, windows, or dock doors maintained closed?	$\square$ Yes	□No		
Transport of clean linen				
Is textile packaging sufficient to be maintained throughout transport?	□Yes	□No		
Are clean textiles maintained separate from soiled textiles during transport?	□Yes	□No		

This checklist was developed based on a review of existing literature and CDC experience investigating outbreaks associated with contaminated healthcare linens.

<sup>\*</sup>Examples of high-risk patient areas include, but are not limited to, neonatal intensive care, adult and pediatric trauma or burn intensive care, solid organ transplant, bone marrow transplant, and oncology units.