

2003

Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

Calculated Variables

(Version 13 – Revised 09/01/2005)



Calculated Variables on the 2003 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Data File

INTRODUCTION:

This document provides information on calculated variables and risk factors for the 2003 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. These variables are calculated from responses to questions in the survey. There are three types of calculated variables.

The first are those variables used to stratify and weight the data. These variables are not included in this document and include:

AGEG, _FINALWT, _IMPAGE, _IMPNPH, _MSACODE, _POSTSTR, _RACEG3_, _RAW, _REGION, _SEXG_, _STSTR, _STRWT, and _WT2.

The second are intermediate variables. These are variables are derived from a question response and are used to calculate some other variable or risk factor. For example: WTKG is derived from the WEIGHT variable in the survey. WTKG is then used to calculate the body mass index variable (_BMI2). Most of the intermediate variables end with an underscore (Example: FTJUDAY_), but not all of them do.

The third type of calculated variables are those used to categorize or classify respondents. Most of these begin with an underscore. (Example: _BMI2.) Exceptions are: _DENSTR2, _GEOSTR, and _STATE, which are determined before the interview. Some of the calculated variables group continuous variables such as weight, age, or body mass index, into categories. Other calculated variables create "Risk Factors". The "Risk Factors" group respondents into two categories, "At Risk" or "Not At Risk" based on their responses. The "At Risk" group has health behaviors that are associated with an increased risk for illness or injury.

The tables in this report include a description of what the responses mean and a copy of the code used to calculate these variables in SAS[®]. The syntax of the code, as given, may or may not work in the particular statistical program that you are using.

NEW CALCULATED VARIABLES FOR 2003:

These intermediate variables used to calculate other calculated variables and risk factors were not included with the data set in previous years:

MODCAT_, VIGCAT_, PACAT_.

New risk factors for 2003 are _RFHLTH, _FV5SRV, _CHLDCNT, _EDCUAG, _INCOMG.

CALCULATED VARIABLES WITH CHANGED NAMES FOR 2003:

_RFHYPE4 changed from **_RFHYPE3** due to BPHIGH2 changing to BPHIGH3.

HTIN2 changed from **HTIN** due to changes in the length (up to three digits) and "Don't know/Refused" equal to 999 (was equal to 99 in 2002).

HTM2 changed from **HTM** due to **HTIN** changing to **HTIN2**.

BMI3 changed from BMI2 due to HTM changing to HTM2.

_BMI3CAT changed from _BMI2CAT due to _BMI2 changing to _BMI3.

RFBMI3 changed from **RFBMI2** due to **BMI2** changing to **BMI3**.

Calculated Variables on the 2003 Behavioral Ris	sk Factor Surveillance System Data File (co	ntinued)

Section 1: Health Status

RFHLTH Risk Factor: Fair or Poor general health. _RFHLTH is derived from GENHLTH. (New variable in 2003.) 1 Not At Risk Respondents report having excellent, very good or good health (GENHLTH =1, 2, 3Respondents who report having fair or poor health 2 At Risk (GENHLTH = 4, 5)9 Don't Know/ Not Respondents who report they don't know their general health status, those Sure/ Refused/ who refused to answer the general health question, and those with missing responses (GENHLTH = 7, 9, Missing) Missing IF 4 LE GENHLTH LE 5 THEN RFHLTH=2; **SAS code:** ELSE IF 1 LE GENHLTH LE 3 THEN RFHLTH=1; ELSE _RFHLTH=9;

Section 2: Health Care Access

There are no calculated variables for Section 2.

Section 3: Exercise

_TOT	INDA Risk Facto	r: No leisure time physical activity or exercise during the past 30 days other
	than the re	spondent's regular jobTOTINDA is derived from EXERANY2. (Meets
	Healthy Pe	ople 2010 Objective #22-1: No Leisure-Time Physical Activity)
1	Not At Risk	Respondents who report any level of physical activity or exercise
		(EXERANY2=1)
2	At Risk	Respondents report no physical activity or exercise (EXERANY2=2)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they have participated in any
	Sure/ Refused/	physical activity or exercise during the past 30 days, those who refused to
	Missing	answer the physical activity/exercise question, and those with missing
		responses (EXERANY2=7, 9, Missing)
	SAS code:	IF EXERANY2 IN (1) THEN _TOTINDA=1;
		ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (2) THEN _TOTINDA=2;
		ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (.,7,9) THEN _TOTINDA=9;

Section 4: Diabetes

There are no calculated variables for Section 4.

Section 5: Hypertension Awareness

_RFHY (Name change 2003.)	professiona ed for BPHIGH3. adults with	r: Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or other health all that they have high blood pressureRFHYPE4 is derived from (Meets Healthy People 2010 Objective #12-9: Reduce the proportion of high blood pressure.) (Note: the name was changed from _RFHYPE3 in DBPHIGH2 changing to BPHIGH3.)
1	Not At Risk	Respondents who were not told their pressure is high by a health
		professional (BPHIGH3=2).
2	At Risk	Respondents who were told their pressure is high by a health professional
		(BPHIGH3=1).
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they were told if their blood
	Sure/ Refused/	pressure is high, those who refused to answer if they were told if their blood
	Missing	pressure is high, and those with missing responses (BPHIGH3=7,9,
		Missing).
	SAS code:	IF BPHIGH3=1 THEN _RFHYPE4=2;
		ELSE IF BPHIGH3=2 THEN _RFHYPE4=1;
		ELSE IF BPHIGH3=3 THEN _RFHYPE4=1;
		ELSE IF BPHIGH3 IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFHYPE4=9;

Section 6: Cholesterol Awareness

, 0 0 0 1	11 00 0110100001011111	WI WII WOOD
_СНО	is derived : #12-15: In	from BLOODCHO and CHOLCHK. (Meets Healthy People 2010 Objective crease the proportion of adults who have had their blood cholesterol checked preceding 5 years.)
1	Checked	Respondents who report having had their cholesterol checked within the past
		five years (BLOODCHO=1 and CHOLCHK=1,2,3).
2	Not Checked	Respondents who report not having had their cholesterol checked within the past five years (BLOODCHO=1 and CHOLCHK=4).
_		
3	Never Checked	Respondents who report never having had their cholesterol checked
		(BLOODCHO=2).
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they had their cholesterol
	Sure/ Refused/	checked by a health professional, those who refused to answer if they had
	Missing	their cholesterol checked by a health professional, and those with missing
	Missing	, ,
		responses (BLOODCHO=7,9,"." and CHOLCHK=7,9,".").
	SAS code:	IF (BLOODCHO = 1) AND (1 LE CHOLCHK LE 3) THEN _CHOLCHK
		= 1;
		ELSE IF (BLOODCHO=1) AND (CHOLCHK=4) THEN _CHOLCHK = 2;
		ELSE IF (BLOODCHO=2) THEN _CHOLCHK = 3;
		ELSE IF BLOODCHO IN (.,7,9) OR CHOLCHK IN (.,7,9) THEN
		_CHOLCHK = 9 ;

Section 6: Cholesterol Awareness (continued)

_RFCH		r: Respondents that have had their blood cholesterol checked and were told it
	0	_RFCHOL is derived from BLOODCHO and TOLDHI2. (Meets Healthy
	1	0 Objective #12-14: Reduce the proportion of adults with high total blood
	cholesterol	levels.)
1	Not At Risk	Respondents who had their blood cholesterol checked but had not been told
		it was high (BLOODCHO=1 and TOLDHI2=2).
2	At Risk	Respondents who had their blood cholesterol checked and had been told that
		they have high blood cholesterol (BLOODCHO=1 and TOLDHI2=1).
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they don't know if they had their blood cholesterol
	Sure/ Refused/	checked, those that report they don't know if they have been told their blood
	Missing	cholesterol was high, those who refused to answer if they had their blood
	_	cholesterol checked, those who refused to answer if they had been told that
		their blood cholesterol was high, and those with missing responses
		(BLOODCHO=7,9,"." or TOLDHI2=7,9,".").
•	Missing	Respondents who report they have not had their blood cholesterol checked
		(BLOODCHO=2).
		IF BLOODCHO=1 AND TOLDHI2=1 THEN _RFCHOL=2;
		ELSE IF BLOODCHO=1 AND TOLDHI2=2 THEN _RFCHOL=1;

Section 7: Fruits And Vegetables

FTJUDAY_ Fruit juice times per day. FTJUDAY_ converts the FRUITJUI variable to a "per day" response. (Note: FTJUDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

ELSE RFCHOL=.;

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing Respondents who report they don't know the number times they consumed fruit juice per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (FRUITJUI=777,999,".").

ELSE IF BLOODCHO=1 AND TOLDHI2 IN (.,7,9) THEN RFCHOL=9;

SAS code:

```
IF 100 < FRUITJUI < 200 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-100);
ELSE IF 200 < FRUITJUI < 300 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < FRUITJUI < 400 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < FRUITJUI < 500 THEN FTJUDAY_=(FRUITJUI-400)/365;
ELSE IF FRUITJUI=555 THEN FTJUDAY_=0;
ELSE IF FRUITJUI IN (.,777,999) THEN FTJUDAY_=99;
FTJUDAY_=round((FTJUDAY_*10),1); *This is done after all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is included here;</pre>
```

FRUTDAY_ Fruit times per day. FRUTDAY_ converts the FRUIT variable to a per day response. (Note: FRUTDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing Respondents who report they don't know the number times they consumed fruit per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (FRUIT=777,999,".").

SAS code:

```
IF 100 < FRUIT < 200 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-100);
ELSE IF 200 < FRUIT < 300 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < FRUIT < 400 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < FRUIT < 500 THEN FRUTDAY_=(FRUIT-400)/365;
ELSE IF FRUIT=555 THEN FRUTDAY_=0;
ELSE IF FRUIT IN (.,777,999) THEN FRUTDAY_=99;
FRUTDAY_=round((FRUTDAY_*10),1); *This is done after all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is included here;</pre>
```

GNSLDAY_ Green salad times per day. GNSLDAY_ converts the GREENSAL variable to a per day response. (Note: GNSLDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the number times they consumed green salad per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (GREENSAL=777,999,".").

```
IF 100 < GREENSAL < 200 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-100);
ELSE IF 200 < GREENSAL < 300 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < GREENSAL < 400 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < GREENSAL < 500 THEN GNSLDAY_=(GREENSAL-400)/365;
ELSE IF GREENSAL=555 THEN GNSLDAY_=0;
ELSE IF GREENSAL IN (.,777,999) THEN GNSLDAY_=99;
GNSLDAY_=round((GNSLDAY_*10),1); *This is done after all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is included here;
```

POTADAY_ Potato times per day. POTADAY_ converts the POTATOES variable to a per day response. (Note: POTADAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing Respondents who report they don't know the number times they consumed potatoes per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (POTATOES=777,999,".").

SAS code:

```
IF 100 < POTATOES < 200 THEN POTADAY_=(POTATOES-100);

ELSE IF 200 < POTATOES < 300 THEN POTADAY_=(POTATOES-200)/7;

ELSE IF 300 < POTATOES < 400 THEN POTADAY_=(POTATOES-300)/30;

ELSE IF 400 < POTATOES < 500 THEN POTADAY_=(POTATOES-400)/365;

ELSE IF POTATOES=555 THEN POTADAY_=0;

ELSE IF POTATOES IN (.,777,999) THEN POTADAY_=99;

POTADAY_=round((POTADAY_*10),1); *This is done after all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is included here;
```

CRTSDAY_ Carrot times per day. CRTSDAY_ converts the CARROTS variable to a per day response. (Note: CRTSDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

Respondents who report they don't know the number times they consumed carrots per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (CARROTS=777,999,".").

```
IF 100 < CARROTS < 200 THEN CRTSDAY_=(CARROTS-100);

ELSE IF 200 < CARROTS < 300 THEN CRTSDAY_=(CARROTS-200)/7;

ELSE IF 300 < CARROTS < 400 THEN CRTSDAY_=(CARROTS-300)/30;

ELSE IF 400 < CARROTS < 500 THEN CRTSDAY_=(CARROTS-400)/365;

ELSE IF CARROTS=555 THEN CRTSDAY_=0;

ELSE IF CARROTS IN (.,777,999) THEN CRTSDAY_=99;

CRTSDAY_=round((CRTSDAY_*10),1); *This is done after all of the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is included here;
```

VEGEDAY Vegetable Servings per day. VEGEDAY converts the VEGETABL variable to a per day response. (Note: VEGEDAY_ gets multiplied by 10 after _FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 99 will be 990 in the final data set.)

99 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing

Respondents who report they don't know the quantity of vegetable servings consumed per day, those who refused to answer, and those with missing responses (VEGETABL=777,999,".").

SAS code:

```
IF 100 < VEGETABL < 200 THEN VEGEDAY = (VEGETABL-100);
ELSE IF 200 < VEGETABL < 300 THEN VEGEDAY = (VEGETABL-200)/7;
ELSE IF 300 < VEGETABL < 400 THEN VEGEDAY = (VEGETABL-300)/30;
ELSE IF 400 < VEGETABL < 500 THEN VEGEDAY_=(VEGETABL-
400)/365;
ELSE IF VEGETABL=555 THEN VEGEDAY_=0;
ELSE IF VEGETABL IN (.,777,999) THEN VEGEDAY_=99;
VEGEDAY_=round((VEGEDAY_*10),1); *This is done after all of
the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is
included here;
```

FRTSERV Times fruit & vegetable consumed per day. _ FRTSERV is derived from the per day variables (FTJUDAY_, FRUTDAY_, GNSLDAY_, POTADAY_, CRTSDAY_, and VEGEDAY). Values for "Don't know/Refused/Missing" (99) are excluded from the sum. (Note: FRTSERV gets multiplied by 100 after FTRINDX is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 999.99 will be 99999 in the final data set.)

Sure/ Refused/

999.99 Don't Know/ Not Respondents with a 99 values for all six fruits and vegetable per day variables.

Missing

SAS code:

```
IF FTJUDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN FTJUDAY=FTJUDAY_;
      ELSE FTJUDAY=.;
IF FRUTDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN FRUTDAY=FRUTDAY_;
      ELSE FRUTDAY=.;
IF GNSLDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN GNSLDAY=GNSLDAY_;
      ELSE GNSLDAY=.;
IF POTADAY NOTIN (99) THEN POTADAY=POTADAY;
     ELSE POTADAY=.;
IF CRTSDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN CRTSDAY=CRTSDAY_;
     ELSE CRTSDAY=.;
IF VEGEDAY_ NOTIN (99) THEN VEGEDAY=VEGEDAY_;
     ELSE VEGEDAY=.;
IF FTJUDAY =99 AND FRUTDAY =99 AND GNSLDAY =99 AND
     POTADAY =99 AND CRTSDAY =99 AND VEGEDAY =99 THEN
     FRTSERV =999.99;
ELSE _FRTSERV=SUM(FTJUDAY, FRUTDAY, GNSLDAY, POTADAY,
      CRTSDAY, VEGEDAY);
_FRTSERV=round((_FRTSERV *100),1); *This is done after all of
      the fruits and vegetable calculations but the code is
      included here;
```

_ FRT	INDX Summary f (_FRTSER	ruit & vegetable index FRTINDX is derived from the per day variable
1	Less than 1 per day or never	Respondents reporting they never consume fruits and vegetables or consume less than 1 time per day (_FRTSERV<1)
2	1 to less than 3	Respondents reporting they consume fruits and vegetables 1 to less than 3
	times per day	times per day (1<=_FRTSERV<3)
3	3 to less than 5 times per day	Respondents reporting they consume fruits and vegetables 3 to less than 5 times per day (3<=_FRTSERV<5)
4	5 or more times	Respondents reporting they consume fruits and vegetables 5 or more times
	per day	per day (5<=_FRTSERV<999.99)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents with _FRTSERV=999.99
	Sure/ Refused/	
	Missing	
	SAS code:	<pre>IF _FRTSERV LT 1 THEN _FRTINDX=1;</pre>
		ELSE IF 1 LE _FRTSERV LT 3 THEN _FRTINDX=2;
		ELSE IF 3 LE _FRTSERV LT 5 THEN _FRTINDX=3;
		ELSE IF 5 LE _FRTSERV LT 999.99 THEN _FRTINDX=4; ELSE IF _FRTSERV=999.99 THEN _FRTINDX=9;
		ELGE IF _FRIGERV=999:99 IHEN _FRIINDX=97
_ FV5		have consumed fruits and vegetables five or more times per dayFV5SRV
4		from the servings per day variable (_FRTSERV).
1	Less than 5 times	Respondents reporting they never consume fruits and vegetables or consume
	per day or never	less than 5 times per day (_FRTSERV<5)
2	5 or more times	Respondents reporting they consume fruits and vegetables 5 or more times
	per day	per day (5<=_FRTSERV<999.99)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents with _FRTSERV=999.99
	Sure/ Refused/	
	Missing	

IF _FRTSERV LT 5 THEN _FV5SRV=1;

ELSE IF _FRTSERV=999.99 THEN _FV5SRV=9;

ELSE IF 5 LE _FRTSERV LT 999.99 THEN _FV5SRV=2;

Section 8: Weight Control

SAS code:

There are no calculated variables for Section 8.

Section 9: Asthma

_LTAS	J	: Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional ad asthmaLTASTHM is derived from ASTHMA2.		
1	Not At Risk	Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=2)		
2	At Risk	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1)		
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been told by a		
	Sure/ Refused/	doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused		
	Missing	to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, or those with missing responses (ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing)		
	SAS code:	<pre>IF ASTHMA2=1 THEN _LTASTHM=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _LTASTHM=1;</pre>		
		ELSE _LTASTHM=9;		
_CAS	_CASTHMA Risk factor: Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma and that they still have asthmaCASTHMA is derived from ASTHMA2 and ASTHNOW.			
1	Not At Risk	Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=2) or do not still have asthma (ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=2)		
2	At Risk	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma (ASTHMA2=1) and that they still have asthma (ASTHNOW=1)		
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who reported they did not know if they had been told by a		
	Sure/ Refused/	doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused		
	Missing	to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that		
	SAS code:	they had asthma, those that did not know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses (ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing) or (ASTHNOW=7, 9, Missing) IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _CASTHMA=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE _CASTHMA=9;		

Section 9: Asthma (continued)

_ASTI	•	asthma status: Those currently, formerly or never having been told that they a. ASTHMST is derived from ASTHMA2 and ASTHNOW.
1	Current	Have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had
		asthma (ASTHMA2=1) and that they still have asthma (ASTHNOW=1)
2	Former	Have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had
		asthma (ASTHMA2=1) but do not still have asthma (ASTHNOW=2)
3	Never	Have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had
		asthma (ASTHMA2=2)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who reported they didn't know if they had been told by a
	Sure/ Refused/	doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused
	Missing	to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that
		they had asthma, those that didn't know if they still had asthma, those that
		refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses
		(ASTHMA2=7, 9, Missing; or ASTHNOW=7, 9, Missing)
	SAS code:	<pre>IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _ASTHMST=1;</pre>
		ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _ASTHMST=2;
		ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _ASTHMST=3;
		ELSE _ASTHMST=9;

Section 10: Immunization

_FLUS	<i>months</i> F # 14-29: In	: Respondents aged 65 and older that have had flu shot within the past 12 LUSHOT is derived from FLUSHOT. (Meets Healthy People 2010 Objective crease The Proportion Of Adults Who Are Vaccinated Annually Against Non-institutionalized Adults Aged 65+.)
1	Not At Risk	Respondents aged 65 or older who reported having a flu shot within the past 12 months (FLUSHOT=1)
2	At Risk	Respondents aged 65 or older who reported not having had a flu shot within the past 12 months (FLUSHOT=2)
9	Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused	Respondents who did not know their age, those that refused to report their age, those that didn't know if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months, or those that refused to answer if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months, or those with missing responses (AGE=7, 9, Missing; or FLUSHOT=7, 9, Missing)
	Missing	Respondents aged 18-64
	SAS code:	<pre>IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO;</pre>

Section 10: Immunization (continued)

PNEUMOC Risk factor: Respondents aged 65 and older that have ever had a pneumonia shot. _PNEUMOC is derived from PNEUVAC2. (Meets Healthy People 2010 objective #14-29: Increase the proportion of adults who were ever vaccinated against pneumococcal disease - non-institutionalized adults aged 65+.) Respondents aged 65 or older who reported having a pneumonia shot 1 Not At Risk (PNEUVAC2=1) 2 At Risk Respondents aged 65 or older who reported not having had a pneumonia shot (PNEUVAC2=2) 9 Don't Know/ Not Respondents who did not know their age, those that refused to report their Sure/ Refused age, those that did not know if they ever had a pneumonia shot, those that refused to answer if they had a pneumonia shot, or those with missing responses (AGE=7, 9, Missing; or PNEUVAC2=7, 9, Missing) Respondents aged 18-64 Missing IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO; **SAS** code: IF PNEUVAC2=1 THEN _PNEUMOC=1; ELSE IF PNEUVAC2=2 THEN _PNEUMOC=2; ELSE IF PNEUVAC2 IN (.,7,9) THEN _PNEUMOC=9; END; ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _PNEUMOC=9;

ELSE _PNEUMOC=.;

ELSE SMOKER2=9;

Section 11: Tobacco Use

SMOKER2 Four level smoker status. SMOKER2 is derived from SMOKE100 and SMOKEDAY. Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their 1 **Current Smoker** lifetime and now smoke every day (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKEDAY=1) (every day) Current Smoker 2 Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke some days (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKEDAY=2) (some days) 3 Former Smoker Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and currently do not smoke (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKEDAY=3) 4 Never Smoked Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime (SMOKE100=2) 9 Don't Know/ Not Respondents who reported they didn't know if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that refused to answer if they had smoked Sure/ Refused/ 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know if they now smoked Missing every day, some days or not at all, those that refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses (SMOKE100=7, 9, Missing; or SMOKEDAY=7, 9, Missing) SAS code: IF SMOKE100=2 THEN _SMOKER2=4; ELSE IF SMOKE100=1 THEN DO; IF SMOKEDAY=1 THEN _SMOKER2=1; ELSE IF SMOKEDAY=2 THEN SMOKER2=2; ELSE IF SMOKEDAY=3 THEN _SMOKER2=3; ELSE _SMOKER2=9; END;

Section 11: Tobacco Use (continued)

_RFSI	V	Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their
	v	d currently smokeRFSMOK2 derived from _SMOKER2.
1	Not At Risk	Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in
		their lifetime, those that reported having smoked 100 cigarettes in their
		lifetime but do not currently smoke (_SMOKER2=3, 4)
2	At Risk	Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their
		lifetime and currently smoke (_SMOKER2=1, 2)
9	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who reported they did not know if they had smoked 100
	Sure/ Refused/	cigarettes in their lifetime, those that refused to answer if they had smoked
	Missing	100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know if they now smoked
		every day, some days or not at all, those that refused to answer if they now
		smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses
		(SMOKER2=9)
	SAS code:	<pre>IF _SMOKER2 IN (1,2) THEN _RFSMOK2=2;</pre>
	2122 00000	ELSE IF _SMOKER2 IN (3,4) THEN _RFSMOK2=1;
		ELSE _RFSMOK2=9;

Section 12: Alcohol Consumption

DROCCDY_ Drink-occasions-per-day. DROCCDY_ is derived from ALCDAY3 by dividing the ALCDAY3 variable by 7 days per week or 30 days per month. (Note: DROCCDY_ gets multiplied by 100 after _RFCRDR2 is created and before the final data set is created and gets stored in the ASCII file and in the dbf data set with no decimal places, so a value of 1.23 will be 123 in the final data set.)

9 Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing Respondents that reported they did not know how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those that refused to answer how many days they had at least one drink of alcohol, those with missing responses (ALCDAY3=777, 999, ".").

SAS code:

```
IF 101 LE ALCDAY3 LE 107 THEN DROCCDY_=(ALCDAY3-100)/7;

ELSE IF 201 LE ALCDAY3 LE 230 THEN DROCCDY_=(ALCDAY3-200)/30;

ELSE IF ALCDAY3 EQ 888 THEN DROCCDY_=0;

ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (.,777,999) THEN DROCCDY_=9;

DROCCDY_=round((DROCCDY_*100),1); *This is done after all of

the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;
```

DRNI	ALCDAY:	Deverages consumed in the past 30 days. DRNKANY3 is derived from 3 and creates a "Yes/No" variable similar to DRINKANY and DRNKANY2 used in surveys previously.
1	Yes	Respondents who report drinking alcohol in the past 30 days (ALCDAY3 < 231)
2	No	Respondents who report not drinking alcohol in the past 30 days (ALCDAY3=888)
7	Don't know/ Not Sure	Respondents who report they did not know or were not sure if they drank alcohol in the past 30 days (ALCDAY3=777)
9	Refused/ Missing SAS code:	Respondents who refused to answer if they drank alcohol in the past 30 days, or those with missing responses (ALCDAY3=999, Missing) IF ALCDAY3 < 231 THEN DRNKANY3=1; ELSE IF ALCDAY3=888 THEN DRNKANY3=2; ELSE IF ALCDAY3=777 THEN DRNKANY3=7; ELSE DRNKANY3=9;
_RFB	•	: Having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasionRFBING2 is m DRNK2GE5 and ALCDAY3.
1	Not At Risk	Respondents who report they did not drink in the past 30 days, or those that report that they did drink alcohol in the past 30 days but did not report having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasion (ALCDAY3<231 and DRNK2GE5=0, 88; or ALCDAY3=888)
2	At Risk	Respondents who report they did drink in the past 30 days and had five or more drinks on one or more occasions in the past month (ALCDAY3<231 and 1<=DRNK2GE5<=76)
9	Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents who reported that they did not know if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or refused to answer if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or those with missing responses (DRNK2GE5=77, 99, Missing; or ALCDAY3=777, 999, Missing)
	SAS code:	<pre>IF ALCDAY3 NOTIN (777,888,999,.) THEN DO; IF (1 LE DRNK2GE5 LE 76) THEN _RFBING2=2; ELSE IF DRNK2GE5 IN (.,77,99) THEN _RFBING2=9; ELSE IF DRNK2GE5 IN (88) THEN _RFBING2=1; END; ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (888) THEN _RFBING2=1;</pre>

ELSE _RFBING2=9;

0

_DRNKDY2 Total number of alcohol drinks consumed per day. _DRNKDY2 is derived from DROCCDY_ and AVEDRNK by multiplying the total number of drink occasions per day (DROCCDY_) by the average number of drinks per occasion (AVEDRNK). DRNKDY2 is stored in the data set with two implied decimal places. To get the actual

value, divide DRNKDY2 by 100.

Respondents who did not drink in the past month (DROCCDY_=0)

99 Don't Know/ Not Respondents who refused to report the number of alcohol drinks consumed Sure/ Refused/ per day, or respondents who did not know the number of alcohol drinks

Missing consumed per day, or those with missing responses (AVEDRNK=.,77,99) or respondents who refused to report the number drink occasions per day, or

respondents who did not know the number of drink occasions per day, or those with missing responses (DROCCDY =9)

SAS code: IF DROCCDY_=0 THEN _DRNKDY2=0;

ELSE IF DROCCDY_=9 THEN _DRNKDY2=99;

ELSE IF AVEDRNK IN (.,77,99) THEN DRNKDY2=99;

ELSE DRNKDY2=AVEDRNK * DROCCDY ;

_DRNKDY2=ROUND((_DRNKDY2*100),1); *This is done after all of

the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;

Respondents who did not consume any drinks of alcohol in the past month Popping Don't Know/ Not Respondents who reported they did not know if they consumed any drinks

Sure/ Refused/ of alcohol in the past month, or those that refused to answer if they

Missing consumed any drinks of alcohol in the past month

Missing Respondents with missing responses

SAS code: IF _DRNKDY2 NOTIN (.,99) THEN _DRNKMO2=_DRNKDY2*30;

ELSE IF _DRNKDY2=99 THEN _DRNKMO2=9999;

ELSE _DRNKMO2=.;

_DRNKMO2=ROUND(_DRNKMO2,1); *This is done after all of the

alcohol calculations but the code is included here;

Risk factor: Heavy alcohol consumption. RFDRHV2 is derived from DRNKDY2, RFDRHV2 ALCDAY3, and SEX. Heavy alcohol consumption was defined as men having an average of more than 2 drinks per day and women having an average of more than 1 drink per day. (_DRNKDY2 has two implied decimal places; therefore, two drinks per day are represented as DRNKDY2=200.) 1 Not At Risk Male respondents who report having 2 drinks per day or less, or female respondents who report having 1 drinks per day or less (Sex=1 and DRNKDY2 <= 200 or Sex=2 and DRNKDY2 <= 100 or ALCDAY3=888) 2 At Risk Male respondents who report having more than 2 drinks per day, or female respondents who report having more than 1 drink per day (Sex=1 and $_{\rm DRNKDY2} > 200$ or Sex=2 and $_{\rm DRNKDY2} > 100$) 9 Respondents for whom ALCDAY3=777, 999, or missing, or Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ _DRNKDY2=99, or missing Missing IF SEX=1 AND DRNKDY2 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO; SAS code: IF _DRNKDY2 GT 2 THEN _RFDRHV2=2; ELSE IF _DRNKDY2 LE 2 THEN _RFDRHV2=1; ELSE IF SEX=2 AND _DRNKDY2 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO; IF _DRNKDY2 GT 1 THEN _RFDRHV2=2; ELSE IF _DRNKDY2 LE 1 THEN _RFDRHV2=1; ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (888) THEN _RFDRHV2=1; ELSE _RFDRHV2=9;

```
RFDRMN2
              Risk factor: Heavy alcohol consumption among men. RFDRMN2 is derived from
              _DRNKDY2 and SEX and ALCDAY3. Heavy alcohol consumption was defined as men
              having an average of more than 2 drinks per day. ( DRNKDY2 has two implied decimal
              places; therefore, two drinks per day are represented as _DRNKDY2=200.)
                         Male respondents who report having 2 drinks per day or less (SEX=1 and
 1
         Not At Risk
                         DRNKDY2 <= 200 or ALCDAY3=888)
 2
           At Risk
                         Male respondents who report having more than 2 drinks per day (SEX=1
                         and DRNKDY2 > 200)
 9
                         Male respondents (SEX=1) for whom ALCDAY3=777, 999, or missing, or
       Don't Know/ Not
        Sure/ Refused/
                         _DRNKDY2=99, or missing
           Missing
           Female
                         Female respondents (SEX=2).
                         IF SEX=1 THEN DO;
      SAS code:
                               IF DRNKDY2 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
                                      IF _DRNKDY2 GT 2 THEN RFDRMN2=2;
                                      ELSE IF DRNKDY2 LE 2 THEN RFDRMN2=1;
                                     END;
                               ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (888) THEN _RFDRMN2=1;
                               ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (.,777,999) THEN _RFDRMN2=9;
                         ELSE IF SEX=2 THEN RFDRMN2=.;
RFDRWM2
              Risk factor: Heavy alcohol consumption among women. RFDRMN2 is derived from
              DRNKDY2 and SEX and ALCDAY3. Heavy alcohol consumption was defined as
              women having an average of more than 1 drink per day. (_DRNKDY2 has two implied
              decimal places; therefore, two drinks per day are represented as DRNKDY2=200.)
                         Female respondents who report having 1 drink per day or less (SEX=2 and
 1
         Not At Risk
                         DRNKDY2 <= 200 or ALCDAY3=888)
 2
           At Risk
                         Female respondents who report having more than 1 drink per day (SEX=2
                         and DRNKDY2 > 200)
                         Female respondents (SEX=2) for whom ALCDAY3=777, 999, or missing,
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
        Sure/ Refused/
                         or _DRNKDY2=99, or missing
           Missing
            Male
                         Male respondents (SEX=1)
      SAS code:
                         IF SEX=2 THEN DO;
                               IF _DRNKDY2 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
                                      IF DRNKDY2 GT 1 THEN RFDRWM2=2;
                                      ELSE IF _DRNKDY2 LE 1 THEN _RFDRWM2=1;
                                     END;
                               ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (888) THEN _RFDRWM2=1;
                               ELSE IF ALCDAY3 IN (.,777,999) THEN RFDRWM2=9;
                               ELSE _RFDRWM2=9;
                               END;
```

Section 13: Excess Sun Exposure

There are no calculated variables for Section 13.

ELSE IF SEX=1 THEN RFDRWM2=.;

Section 14: Demographics Race variables

MRACEORG

Reported MRACE variable with any trailing 7,8, or 9 removed. MRACEORG is derived from MRACE in the original order in which the data were received from the state/territory. If MRACE is greater than 9 then any trailing 7,8, or 9 is removed. If MRACE is less than or equal to 9 then MRACEORG is equal to MRACE. (Example: If MRACE=3147 then MRACEORG=314.)

SAS code:

```
IF LENGTH(MRACE) > 1 THEN DO;
MRACEORG = PUT(COMPRESS(MRACE,'789'),6.);
END;
ELSE DO;
MRACEORG=MRACE;
END;
```

MRACEASC

Reported MRACE variable with any trailing 7,8, or 9 removed, in ascending order. MRACEASC is derived from MRACEORG. The values that make up MRACEORG are sorted from smallest to largest. (Example: If MRACEORG=513 then MRACEASC=135.)

SAS code:

```
IF LENGTH(TRIM(LEFT(MRACEORG))) > 1 THEN DO;
LEN=LENGTH(RIGHT(MRACEORG));
DO I = 1 TO LEN-1;
DO J = 1 TO LEN-1 WHILE (SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J+1,1) NE ' ');
IF SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,1) > SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J+1,1) THEN
SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,2) = REVERSE(SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,2));
END;
END;
END;
MRACEASC = INPUT(MRACEORG,6.);
```

_PRA	CE Preferred i	race categoryPRACE is derived from MRACEASC and ORACE2. If
MRACEASC has only one response, then _PRACE= MRACEASC. If MRACEASC has		
more than one response then _PRACE=ORACE2. Hispanic or Latino information is not		
	used to der	ive this variable.
1	White	Respondents who report their race as white (MRACE=1 or
		MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=1)
2	Black	Respondents who report their race as black (MRACE=2 or
		MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=2)
3	Asian	Respondents who report they are Asian (MRACE=3 or MRACEASC>11
		and ORACE2=3)
4	Native Hawaiian	Respondents who report their race as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander
	or Pacific Islander	(MRACE=4 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=4)
5	American Indian,	Respondents who report their race as American Indian or Alaska Native
	Alaska Native	(MRACE=5 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=5)
6	Other Race	Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the
		question responses (MRACE=6 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=6)
7	No Preferred Race	Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but do not
		report a preference or preferred race is missing (MRACEASC>11 and
		ORACE2=7 or 9)
8	Multiracial	Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but did not
	(Preferred Race	answer the question about which race best represents them NOTE: This is a
	Not Asked)	data collection error. (MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=8) or
		(MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=.)
77	Don't Know	Respondents who report they did not know their race and did not answer the
		question about which race best represents them. (MRACEASC =7)
99	Refused	Respondents who refused to give their race and did not answer the question
		about which race best represents them (MRACEASC =9)
	SAS code:	IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _PRACE=MRACEASC;
		ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _PRACE=77; ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _PRACE=99;
		ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 IN (7,9) THEN _PRACE=7;
		ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ . THEN _PRACE=8;
		ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ 8 THEN _PRACE=8;
		ELSE IF 1 LE ORACE2 LE 6 THEN _PRACE=ORACE2;

_MRA	ACE Multiracia	l race categorizationMRACE is derived from MRACEASC. If respondents		
	report more	e than one race they are assigned to the multiracial category. Otherwise		
	_MRACE=	=MRACEASC. Hispanic or Latino information not used in defining this		
	variable.			
01	White only	Respondents who report they are white (MRACEASC=1)		
02	Black only	Respondents who report they are black (MRACEASC=2)		
03	Asian only	Respondents who report they are Asian (MRACEASC=3)		
04	Native Hawaiian	Hawaiian Respondents who report they are Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander		
	or Pacific Islander	(MRACEASC=4)		
	only			
05	American Indian,	Respondents who report they are American Indian or Alaska Native		
	Alaska Native	(MRACEASC=5)		
	only			
06	Other Race only	Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the		
		question responses (MRACEASC=6)		
07	Multiracial	Respondents who report they are of more than one race group but do not		
		specify a preferred race (MRACEASC>11)		
77	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents who report they did not know their race (MRACEASC=7)		
	Sure			
99	Refused	Respondents who refused to give their race information (MRACEASC=9)		
	SAS code:	IF MRACEASC GE 12 THEN _MRACE = 7;		
		ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _MRACE = 99;		
		ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _MRACE = 77; ELSE IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _MRACE = MRACEASC;		
		EDGE II I DE INCOMPCE DE O TIDINNACE - PROCESSOCI		

```
RACE2
               Race/ethnicity categories. RACE2 is derived from MRACE and HISPANC2. All
               respondents who report they are of Hispanic or Latino origin are coded as Hispanic.
        White only, Non-
                          Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin
  1
           Hispanic
                          (_MRACE=01 and HISPANC2=2)
        Black only, Non-
  2
                          Respondents who report they are black and not of Hispanic origin
           Hispanic
                          ( MRACE=02 and HISPANC2=2)
  3
        Asian only, Non-
                          Respondents who report they are Asian and not of Hispanic origin
           Hispanic
                          (MRACE=03 and HISPANC2=2)
 4
        Native Hawaiian
                          Respondents who report they are Native Hawaiian or Islander and not of
       or Pacific Islander
                          Hispanic origin (MRACE=04 and HISPANC2=2)
           only, Non-
           Hispanic
  5
        American Indian.
                          Respondents who report they are American Indian or Alaska Native and not
                          of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=05 and HISPANC2=2)
         Alaska Native
           only, Non-
           Hispanic
        Other Race only,
  6
                          Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the
         Non-Hispanic
                          question responses and are not of Hispanic origin (_MRACE=06 and
                          HISPANC2=2)
 7
       Multiracial, Non-
                          Respondents who report they are of more than one race group and are not of
           Hispanic
                          Hispanic origin (MRACE=07 and HISPANC2=2)
  8
           Hispanic
                          Respondents who report they are of Hispanic origin (HISPANC2=1)
  9
                          Respondents who did not know their race or refused to give their race and
        Don't Know/ Not
         Sure/ Refused/
                          are not of Hispanic origin or did not know if they are of Hispanic origin or
                          refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin (MRACE =77,99 and
            Missing
                          HISPANC2=2. or HISPANC2=7.9)
                          IF HISPANC2 IN (7,9) OR (_MRACE IN(77,99) AND HISPANC2 EQ 2)
       SAS code:
                          THEN DO;
                                 RACE2=9;
                                 END;
                           ELSE IF HISPANC2=2 THEN DO;
                                 IF MRACE=1 THEN RACE2=1;
                                 ELSE IF MRACE=2 THEN RACE2=2;
                                 ELSE IF MRACE=3 THEN RACE2=3;
                                 ELSE IF _MRACE=4 THEN RACE2=4;
                                 ELSE IF _MRACE=5 THEN RACE2=5;
                                  ELSE IF _MRACE=6 THEN RACE2=6;
                                 ELSE IF _MRACE=7 THEN RACE2=7;
                                 END;
                           ELSE IF HISPANC2=1 THEN DO;
                                 RACE2=8;
                                 END;
```

```
RACEG2
               White/Hispanic race group. RACEG2 is derived from RACE2.
 1
       White only, Non-
                         Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin
           Hispanic
                          (RACE2=1)
          Non-White,
 2
                          All other respondents with valid RACE2 responses (RACE2=2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,
         Multiracial or
           Hispanic
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom RACE2=9
        Sure/ Refused/
            Missing
                          IF RACE2=1 THEN _RACEG2=1;
       SAS code:
                         ELSE IF RACE2 IN (2,3,4,5,6,7,8) THEN RACEG2=2;
                         ELSE IF RACE2=9 THEN RACEG2=9;
RACEGR2
               Five-level race/ethnicity category. RACEGR2 is derived from RACE2.
                          Respondents who report they are white and not of Hispanic origin
       White only, Non-
           Hispanic
                          (RACE2=1)
 2
       Black only, Non-
                         Respondents who report they are black and not of Hispanic origin
           Hispanic
                         (RACE2=2)
 3
       Other Race only,
                         All other respondents with valid race responses except for those reporting
         Non-Hispanic
                         multiracial or Hispanic origins (RACE2=3,4,5,6)
       Multiracial, Non-
                         All other respondents reporting multiracial but non-Hispanic origin
 4
           Hispanic
                         (RACE2=7)
           Hispanic
                         Respondents who report that they are of Hispanic origin (RACE2=8)
 9
                         Respondents for whom RACE2=9
       Don't Know/ Not
         Sure/ Refused
       SAS code:
                          IF RACE2=1 THEN RACEGR2=1;
                         ELSE IF RACE2=2 THEN RACEGR2=2;
                         ELSE IF 3 LE RACE2 LE 6 THEN _RACEGR2=3;
                         ELSE IF RACE2 EQ 7 THEN _RACEGR2=4;
                         ELSE IF RACE2 EO 8 THEN RACEGR2=5;
                         ELSE IF RACE2=9 THEN _RACEGR2=9;
CNRACE
               Number of census race categories chosen. _CNRACE is derived from MRACEASC and
               is equal to the number of "census" race categories chosen: (White, Black, Asian, Native
               Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaska Native).
                         MRACEASC is between 1 and 5
1-5
 0
                         MRACEASC is between 6 and 9
                          * EXTRA CHARACTERS (6,7,9) ARE REMOVED;
       SAS code:
                         MRACE_=COMPRESS(MRACEASC, '679');
                          * BLANK SPACES ARE REMOVED;
                          IF MRACEASC NOTIN (6,7,9) THEN DO;
                                CNRACE=LENGTH(COMPRESS(MRACE));
                                END;
                         ELSE DO;
                                CNRACE=0;
```

END;

Missing

SAS code: IF _CNRACE EQ 0 THEN _CNRACEC=.; ELSE IF _CNRACE EQ 1 THEN _CNRACEC=1; ELSE _CNRACEC=2;

Section 14: Demographics Age variables

_AGEG:	5YR Fourteen-l	evel age categoryAGEG5YR is derived from AGE.
01	18-24	Respondents with reported age including 18-24 years
02	25-29	Respondents with reported age including 25-29 years
03	30-34	Respondents with reported age including 30-34 years
04	35-39	Respondents with reported age including 35-39 years
05	40-44	Respondents with reported age including 40-44 years
06	45-49	Respondents with reported age including 45-49 years
07	50-54	Respondents with reported age including 50-54 years
08	55-59	Respondents with reported age including 55-59 years
09	60-64	Respondents with reported age including 60-64 years
10	65-69	Respondents with reported age including 65-69 years
11	70-74	Respondents with reported age including 70-74 years
12	75-79	Respondents with reported age including 75-79 years
13	80-99	Respondents with reported age including 80-99 years
14	Don't Know/ Not	Respondents that reported they did not know their age, or those that refused
	Sure/ Refused/	to report their age, or those with missing responses (AGE=7, 9, .)
	Missing	

SAS code: IF 18 LE AGE LE 24 THEN _AGEG5YR=1;

ELSE IF 25 LE AGE LE 29 THEN _AGEG5YR=2;

ELSE IF 30 LE AGE LE 34 THEN _AGEG5YR=3;

ELSE IF 35 LE AGE LE 39 THEN _AGEG5YR=4;

ELSE IF 40 LE AGE LE 44 THEN _AGEG5YR=5;

ELSE IF 45 LE AGE LE 49 THEN _AGEG5YR=6;

ELSE IF 50 LE AGE LE 54 THEN _AGEG5YR=6;

ELSE IF 55 LE AGE LE 59 THEN _AGEG5YR=8;

ELSE IF 60 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGEG5YR=9;

ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 69 THEN _AGEG5YR=10;

ELSE IF 70 LE AGE LE 74 THEN _AGEG5YR=11;

ELSE IF 75 LE AGE LE 79 THEN _AGEG5YR=12;

ELSE IF 80 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGEG5YR=13;

ELSE AGEG5YR=14;

```
AGE65YR
              Two-level age category. AGE65YR is derived from AGE.
 1
            18-64
                         Respondents with reported ages 18-64 (AGE <=64)
 2
            65-99
                         Respondents with reported ages 64-99 (AGE > 64)
 3
       Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom AGE=7, 9, or .
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
                         IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGE65YR=1;
      SAS code:
                         ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGE65YR=2;
                         ELSE AGE65YR=3;
```

Section 14: Demographics Overweight & Obese

HTIN2 (New variable in 2003.) Reported height in inches. HTIN2 is derived from HEIGHT. HTIN2 is calculated by adding the foot portion of HEIGHT multiplied by 12, to the inch portion. (Note: HTIN2 gets rounded after all of the body mass index calculations occur to make sure that there are no decimals.) (Name changed from HTIN to HTIN2 due to the "Don't Know/Refused value equal to 999, was equal to 99 in 2002.)

SAS code:

HTM2 (New variable in 2003.)

Reported height in meters. HTM2 is derived from the variable HTIN2 by multiplying HTIN2 by 2.54 cm/in and dividing by 100 cm/meter. (Note: HTM2 is stored in the data set with two implied decimal places and gets rounded after all of the body mass index calculations are completed; therefore all calculations include the decimals.) (Name changed from HTM to HTM2 due to the variable HTIN changing to HTIN2.)

SAS code:

```
HTM2 = (HTIN2 * 2.54) / 100;
HTM2 = round((HTM2*100),1);
IF HTM=. THEN HTM2=999; *This is done after all of the BMI
calculations are completed, but the code is included here;
```

WTKG

Reported weight in kilograms. WTKG is derived from WEIGHT by dividing Weight by 2.2 kg/lb. (Note: WTKG is stored in the data set with two implied decimal places and gets rounded after all of the body mass index calculations are completed; therefore all calculations include the decimals.)

```
SAS code:

IF WEIGHT NOT IN (777,999) THEN DO;

WTKG=WEIGHT / 2.2;

END;

WTKG = round((WTKG*100),1);

IF WTKG=. THEN WTKG=99999; *This is done after all of the BMI calculations are completed, but the code is included here;
```

Section 14: Demographics Overweight & Obese (continued)

```
BMI3
               Body mass index (BMI). BMI3 is derived from WTKG and HTM2. It is calculated by
               WTKG divided by HTM2<sup>2</sup>. (Note: The final _BMI3 value is rounded so it is free of
(New variable
               decimals.) (Name changed from _BMI2 to _BMI3 due to the variable HTM changing to
in 2003.)
               HTM2.)
                         IF (WTKG NOTIN (.)) AND (HTM2 NOTIN (.)) THEN _BMI3= WTKG /
       SAS code:
                         (HTM2 ** 2);
                         ELSE _BMI3=.;
                         IF BMI3 GT 99.98 THEN BMI3 = 99.98;
                         ELSE IF BMI3=. THEN BMI3 = 99.99;
                          BMI3 = ROUND(( BMI3*100),1); *This is done after all of the
                         BMI calculations but the code is included here;
BMI3CAT
               Body mass index (BMI) categories. Variable is derived from _BMI3. (Name changed
              from BMI2CAT to BMI3CAT due to BMI2 changing to BMI3.)
(New variable
in 2003.)
        Not Overweight
  1
                         Respondents for whom _BMI3 < 25.00
           or Obese
  2
          Overweight
                         Respondents for whom 25.00 \le BMI3 < 30.00
  3
            Obese
                         Respondents for whom 30.00 \le BMI3 < 99.99
                         Respondents for whom _BMI3=99.99
       Don't Know/ Not
         Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
       SAS code:
                               IF ( 0.00 \text{ LE } \_BMI3 < 25.00) THEN \_BMI3CAT = 1;
                         ELSE IF (25.00 LE _BMI3 < 30.00) THEN _BMI3CAT = 2;
                         ELSE IF (30.00 LE _BMI3 < 99.99) THEN _BMI3CAT = 3;
                         ELSE IF (_BMI3 = 99.99) THEN _BMI3CAT = 9;
RFBMI3
              Risk factor: Respondents classified as overweight or obese. Variable is derived from
(New variable
              BMI3. (Name changed from RFBMI2 to RFBMI3 due to BMI2 changing to
in 2003.)
               _BMI3.)
  1
          Not At Risk
                         Respondents for whom BMI3 < 25.00
  2
                         Respondents for whom 25.00 \le BMI3 < 99.99
            At Risk
  9
       Don't Know/ Not
                         Respondents for whom BMI3=99.99
         Sure/ Refused/
            Missing
       SAS code:
                               IF ( 0.00 \text{ LE} BMI3 < 25.00) THEN RFBMI3 = 1;
                         ELSE IF (25.00 LE BMI3 < 99.99) THEN RFBMI3 = 2;
                         ELSE IF ( BMI3 = 99.99) THEN RFBMI3 = 9;
```

Section 14: Demographics (continued)

```
CHLDCNT
              Number of children. CHLDCNT is derived from CHILDREN.
(New variable
in 2003.)
  1
         No Children
                        Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 88
 2
         One Children
                        Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 1
 3
         Two Children
                        Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 2
 4
        Three Children
                        Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 3
 5
                        Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 4
        Four Children
 6
         Five or more
                        Respondents for whom 5 <= _ CHILDREN < 87
           Children
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
                        Respondents for whom CHILDREN = 99
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
                              IF CHILDREN = 88 THEN _CHLDCNT = 1;
      SAS code:
                        ELSE IF CHILDREN = 01 THEN _CHLDCNT = 2;
                        ELSE IF CHILDREN = 02 THEN _CHLDCNT = 3;
                        ELSE IF CHILDREN = 03 THEN _CHLDCNT = 4;
                         ELSE IF CHILDREN = 04 THEN _CHLDCNT = 5;
                         ELSE IF 05 <= CHILDREN < 88 THEN CHLDCNT = 6;
                        ELSE IF CHILDREN = 99 THEN CHLDCNT = 9;
EDUCAG
              Highest grade of education completed. EDUCAG is derived from EDUCA.
(New variable
in 2003.)
 1
       Did not graduate
                        Respondents for whom EDUCA = 1,2,3
         High School
 2
         High School
                        Respondents for whom EDUCA = 4
           graduate
 3
       Attended College
                        Respondents for whom EDUCA = 5
         or Technical
           School
 4
          College or
                        Respondents for whom EDUCA = 6
       Technical School
           graduate
 9
       Don't Know/ Not
                        Respondents for whom EDUCA = 9 or missing
        Sure/ Refused/
           Missing
                              IF EDUCA IN (1,2,3) THEN _EDUCAG = 1;
      SAS code:
                        ELSE IF EDUCA IN (4) THEN _EDUCAG = 2;
                        ELSE IF EDUCA IN (5) THEN _EDUCAG = 3;
                        ELSE IF EDUCA IN (6) THEN EDUCAG = 4;
                        ELSE IF EDUCA IN (.,9) THEN EDUCAG = 9;
```

Section 14: Demographics (continued)

INCOMG Annual Household Income. INCOMG is derived from INCOME2. (New variable in 2003.) 1 Less than \$15,000 Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 1 or 2 Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 3 or 4 2 \$15,000 to less than \$25,000 3 \$25,000 to less Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 5than \$35,000 4 \$35,000 to less Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 6than \$50,000 5 \$50,000 or more Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 7 or 8 9 Don't Know/ Not Respondents for whom INCOME2 = 77 or 99 or missing Sure/ Refused/ Missing SAS code: IF INCOME2 IN (1,2) THEN _INCOMG = 1; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (3,4) THEN _INCOMG = 2; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (5) THEN INCOMG = 3; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (6) THEN INCOMG = 4; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (7,8) THEN INCOMG = 5; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (77,99,.) THEN INCOMG = 9;

Section 15: Arthritis

There are no calculated variables for Section 8.

Section 16: Falls

There are no calculated variables for Section 16.

Section 17: Disability

There are no calculated variables for Section 17.

Section 18: Physical Activity

Minutes of Moderate Physical Activity. MODPAMN is derived from MODPATIM **MODPAMN** and MODPADAY by multiplying the hours portion of MODPATIM by 60 and adding it to the minutes portion. Respondents for whom MODPATIM is not equal to 777, 999, or . and 0-Minutes 599 MODPADAY is not equal to 77, 99, or . Respondents for whom MODPATIM=777, 999, or . or MODPADAY =77, 99 or Don't Know/ Not Sure/ Refused/ Missing IF MODPATIM > 959 THEN MODPATIM = 999; SAS code: IF MODPATIM NOTIN (.,777,999) AND MODPADAY NOTIN (.,0,77,88,99) THEN DO; NEWPACT=MODPATIM; NEWPACT=TRANSLATE(NEWPACT, '0', ''); MODHRS_=SUBSTR(NEWPACT,2,1)+0; MODMIN_=SUBSTR(NEWPACT, 3, 2)+0; _MODPAMN=SUM(MODHRS_*60,MODMIN_); ELSE IF MODPADAY In(0,88) THEN $_MODPAMN = 0;$ ELSE IF MODPADAY In(.,77,99) THEN $_MODPAMN = .;$ MODPAMN=ROUND(MODPAMN, 1);

Minutes of Vigorous Physical Activity. VIGPAMN is derived from VIGPATIM and

Section 18: Physical Activity (continued)

VIGPAMN

```
VIGPADAY by multiplying the hours portion of VIGPATIM by 60 and adding it to
                the minutes portion.
 0-
         Minutes
                     Respondents for whom VIGPATIM is not equal to 777, 999, or . and
 599
                     VIGPADAY is not equal to 77, 99, or .
       Don't Know/
                     Respondents for whom VIGPATIM=777, 999, or . or VIGPADAY =77, 99 or .
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
         Missing
                     IF VIGPATIM > 959 THEN VIGPATIM = 999;
       SAS code:
                     IF VIGPATIM NOTIN (.,777,999) AND VIGPADAY NOTIN (.,0,77,88,99)
                           THEN DO;
                     NEWPACT=VIGPATIM;
                     NEWPACT=TRANSLATE(NEWPACT, '0', '');
                     VIGHRS_=SUBSTR(NEWPACT, 2, 1)+0;
                     VIGMIN_=SUBSTR(NEWPACT, 3, 2)+0;
                     _VIGPAMN=SUM(VIGHRS_*60,VIGMIN_);
                     END;
                     ELSE IF VIGPADAY IN(0,88) THEN _VIGPAMN = 0;
                     ELSE IF VIGPADAY IN(.,77,99) THEN VIGPAMN = .;
                     VIGPAMN=ROUND( VIGPAMN,1);
MODCAT
                Respondents that meet recommendations for moderate physical activity. MODCAT_ is
                derived from MODPACT, MODPAMN, MODPADAY, and MODPATIM.
(New variable
for 2003.)
  1
                     Respondents who report doing 30 or more minutes per day of moderate physical
           Meet
                     activity and for five or more days per week of moderate physical activity
         Objective
                     (MODPACT=1 and MODPADAY=5,6,7 and 30 <= MODPAMN <= 599)
  2
                     Respondents who report doing less than 30 minutes per day of moderate physical
        Insufficient
                     activity, or less than five days per week of moderate physical activity
         Activity
                     (MODPACT=1 and MODPADAY not equal to .,77,99 and MODPATIM not
                     equal to ..777,999)
  3
        No Activity
                     Respondents who report doing no moderate physical activity (MODPACT=2 OR
                     MODPAMN=0)
                     Respondents for whom MODPACT=.,7,9 or MODPACT=1 and
  9
       Don't Know/
                     MODPADAY=.,7.9 or MODPATIM=.,7,9
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
         Missing
                          IF MODPACT=2 OR MODPAMN=0 THEN MODCAT =3;
       SAS code:
                     ELSE IF (5 <= MODPADAY <= 7 & 30 <= _MODPAMN <= 599) THEN
                          MODCAT = 1;
                     ELSE IF MODPACT=1 AND MODPADAY NOTIN (.,77,99) AND MODPATIM NOTIN
                           (.,777,999) THEN MODCAT_=2;
                     ELSE MODCAT =9;
```

(New variable der		spondents that meet recommendations for vigorous physical activity. VIGCAT_ is rived from VIGPACT, _VIGPAMN, VIGPADAY, VIGPATIM.
for 200	,	
1	Meet	Respondents who report doing 20 or more minutes per day of vigorous physical
	Objective	activity and three or more days per week of vigorous physical activity (VIGPACT=1 and VIGPADAY=3,4,5,6,7 and 20 <= _VIGPAMN <= 599)
2	Insufficient Activity	Respondents who report doing less than 20 minutes per day of vigorous physical activity, or less than three days per week of vigorous physical activity (VIGPACT=1 and VIGPADAY not equal to .,77,99 and VIGPATIM not equal
		to .,777,999)
3	No Activity	Respondents who report doing no vigorous physical activity (VIGPACT=2 OR _VIGPAMN=0)
9	Don't Know Not Sure/	Respondents for whom VIGPACT=.,7,9 or VIGPACT=1 and VIGPADAY=.,7.9 or VIGPATIM=.,7,9
	Refused/	
	Missing	
	SAS code:	<pre>IF VIGPACT=2 OR _VIGPAMN=0 THEN VIGCAT_=3; ELSE IF (3 <= VIGPADAY <= 7 & 20 <= _VIGPAMN <= 599) THEN VIGCAT_=1; ELSE IF VIGPACT=1 AND VIGPADAY NOTIN (.,77,99) AND VIGPATIM NOTIN (.,777,999) THEN VIGCAT_=2; ELSE VIGCAT_=9;</pre>

```
PACAT
                Physical Activity Categories. PACAT is derived from the variables MODCAT and
(New variable
                VIGCAT_.
for 2003.)
  1
        Meet Both
                     Respondents for whom MODCAT_=1 and VIGCAT_=1
  2
         Vigorous
                     Respondents for whom VIGCAT =1 and MODCAT >1
           Only
  3
         Moderate
                     Respondents for whom MODCAT =1 and VIGCAT >1
           Only
                     Respondents for whom MODCAT_=2 and VIGCAT_>1 or VIGCAT_=2 and
 4
        Insufficient
        Activity for
                     MODCAT >1
          Either
        Moderate or
         Vigorous
 5
        No Activity
                     Respondents for whom MODCAT_=3 and VIGCAT_=3
  9
       Don't Know/
                     Respondents for whom MODCAT =9 and VIGCAT =9
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
         Missing
                           If MODCAT_ = 3 and VIGCAT_ = 3 then PACAT_ = 5;
       SAS code:
                     Else if MODCAT_ = 1 and VIGCAT_ = 1 then PACAT_ = 1;
                     Else if VIGCAT_ = 1 then PACAT_ = 2;
                     Else if MODCAT_ = 1 then PACAT_ = 3;
                     Else if MODCAT = 2 or VIGCAT = 2 then PACAT = 4;
                     Else PACAT =9;
RFPAMOD
                Risk factor: Respondents that do not meet recommendations for moderate physical
                activity. _RFPAMOD is derived from the variable PACAT_. (MEET HP 2010
                OBJECTIVE 22-2: Increase the proportion of adults who engage regularly, preferably
                daily, in moderate physical activity for at least 30 minutes per day.)
  1
                     Respondents that report doing enough moderate or vigorous physical activity to
        Not At Risk
                     meet the recommendations (PACAT =1,2,3)
 2
                     Respondents that report doing insufficient moderate or vigorous physical activity
          At Risk
                     to meet recommendations, or respondents that report doing no moderate or
                     vigorous physical activity (PACAT_=4,5)
 9
                     Respondents for whom PACAT_=9
       Don't Know/
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
         Missing
                          If PACAT = 1 then RFPAMOD=1;
       SAS code:
                     ELSE IF PACAT_ = 2 then _RFPAMOD=1;
                     ELSE IF PACAT_ = 3 then _RFPAMOD=1;
                     ELSE IF PACAT = 4 then RFPAMOD=2;
                     ELSE IF PACAT = 5 then RFPAMOD=2;
                     ELSE IF PACAT_ = 9 then _RFPAMOD=9;
```

```
RFPAVIG
                 Risk factor: Respondents that do not meet recommendations for vigorous physical
                 activity. _RFPAVIG is derived from the variable PACAT_. (MEET HP 2010
                OBJECTIVE #22-3: Increase the proportion of adults who engage in vigorous physical
                 activity that promotes the development and maintenance of cardio-respiratory fitness 3
                 or more days per week for 20 or more minutes per occasion)
  1
        Not At Risk
                      Respondents that report doing enough vigorous physical activity to meet the
                      recommendations (PACAT =1.2)
 2
                      Respondents that report doing insufficient vigorous physical activity to meet
          At Risk
                      recommendations, or respondents that report doing no vigorous physical activity
                      (PACAT = 3,4,5)
 9
       Don't Know/
                      Respondents for whom PACAT =9
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
          Missing
                           If PACAT_ = 1 then _RFPAVIG=1;
       SAS code:
                      ELSE IF PACAT = 2 then RFPAVIG=1;
                      ELSE IF PACAT = 3 then RFPAVIG=2;
                      ELSE IF PACAT = 4 then RFPAVIG=2;
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 5 then _RFPAVIG=2;
                      ELSE IF PACAT = 9 then RFPAVIG=9;
RFPAREC
                Respondents that meet recommendations for moderate or vigorous physical activity.
                 This variable is derived from the variable PACAT.
  1
           Meet
                      Respondents that report doing enough moderate or vigorous physical activity to
                      meet the recommendations (PACAT_=1,2,3)
       Recommenda
           tions
 2
        Insufficient
                      Respondents that report doing insufficient moderate or vigorous physical activity
                      to meet recommendations (PACAT_=4)
  3
        No Activity
                      Respondents that report doing no moderate or vigorous physical activity
                      (PACAT_{=5})
 9
                      Respondents for whom PACAT =9
       Don't Know/
         Not Sure/
         Refused/
          Missing
                           If PACAT_ = 1 then _RFPAREC=1;
       SAS code:
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 2 then _RFPAREC=1;
                      ELSE IF PACAT = 3 then RFPAREC=1;
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 4 then _RFPAREC=2;
                      ELSE IF PACAT_ = 5 then _RFPAREC=3;
                      ELSE IF PACAT = 9 then RFPAREC=9;
```

_RFNOPA Respondents that report doing no physical activity or exercise. _RFNOPA is derived from the variables _RFPAREC and _TOTINDA.

- Not At Risk Respondents that report doing some physical activity or exercise (RFPAREC=1,2 or TOTINDA=1)
- 2 At Risk Respondents that report doing no moderate or vigorous physical activity or
- exercise (_RFPAREC=3 and _TOTINDA=2)

 Don't Know/ Respondents for whom RFPAREC=3 and _TOTINDA=9 or RFPAREC=9 and _TOTINDA=9

 TOTINDA=2 or RFPAREC=9 and _TOTINDA=9

Refused/ Missing

SAS code:

IF _RFPAREC <= 2 THEN _RFNOPA=1;

ELSE IF _TOTINDA = 1 THEN _RFNOPA=1;

ELSE IF _RFPAREC = 3 AND _TOTINDA = 2 THEN _RFNOPA=2;

ELSE RFNOPA=9;

Section 19: Veterans Status

There are no calculated variables for Section 19.

Section 20: HIV/AIDS

_AIDSTST Risk factor: Respondents less than 65 years old that have ever been tested for HIV. _AIDSTST is derived from AGE and HIVTST3.

- Not At Risk Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported to have been tested for HIV (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST3=1)
- 2 At Risk Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that did not report having been tested for HIV (18 < 4 GE < -64 and HIVTST3-2)
- been tested for HIV (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST3=2)

 Don't Know/
 Not Sure/

 Been tested for HIV (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST3=2)

 Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported they did not know if they had been tested for HIV, or those with reported ages between 18 and

Refused 64 that refused to answer if they had been tested for HIV (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST3=7,9), or respondents that reported they did not know their age

(AGE=07), or respondents that refused to report their age (AGE=9)

Missing Respondents with missing responses for HIVTST3 (HIVTST3=.), or respondents

with reported ages older than 64 (AGE > 64), or respondents with missing age responses (AGE=.)

SAS code: IF 18 <= AGE <= 64 THEN DO;

ELSE AIDSTST=.;

IF HIVTST3=1 THEN _AIDSTST=1;
ELSE IF HIVTST3=2 THEN _AIDSTST=2;
ELSE IF HIVTST3 IN (7,9) THEN _AIDSTST=9;
ELSE IF HIVTST3=. THEN _AIDSTST=.;
END;
ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _AIDSTST=9;

Section 20: HIV/AIDS (continued)

HIGHRSK Risk factor: Respondents less than 65 years old that have ever participated in high-risk behavior. _HIGHRSK is derived from AGE and HIVRISK2. Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported not having 1 Not At Risk participated in high-risk behavior (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=2) Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported having 2 At Risk participated in high-risk behavior (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=1) 9 Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported they did not if Don't Know/ Not Sure/ they had participated in high-risk behavior (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=1), Refused or respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that refused to answer if they participated in high-risk behavior (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=7,9), or respondents that reported they did not know their age (AGE=07), or respondents that refused to report their age (AGE=09), or respondents missing a response for age (AGE=.) Missing Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that were missing a response for HIVRISK2 (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVRISK2=.), or respondents with reported ages older than 64 (AGE > 64)IF 18 <= AGE <= 64 THEN DO; SAS code: IF HIVRISK2=2 THEN _HIGHRSK=1; ELSE IF HIVRISK2=1 THEN _HIGHRSK=2; ELSE IF HIVRISK2 IN (7,9) THEN HIGHRSK=9; ELSE IF HIVRISK2=. THEN HIGHRSK=.; ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN HIGHRSK=9;

ELSE HIGHRSK=.;

Section 20: HIV/AIDS (continued)

2

9

_STDCNDM Risk factor: Respondents less than 65 years old that have ever been counseled by a doctor, nurse, or other health professional within the past 12 months on prevention of sexually transmitted diseases through condom use. _STDCNDM is derived from AGE and PCSAIDS.

Not At Risk Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported to have been counseled by a health professional within the past 12 months on prevention of sexually transmitted diseases through condom use (18<=AGE<=64 and PCSAIDS=1)

At Risk Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that did not report having been counseled by a health professional within the past 12 months on prevention of sexually transmitted diseases through condom use (18<=AGE<=64 and PCSAIDS=2)

Don't Know/
Not Sure/
Refused

Missing Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 missing a response for PCSAIDS (18<=AGE<=64 and PCSAIDS =.) or respondents with reported ages older than 64 (AGE > 64)

SAS code: IF 18 <= AGE <= 64 THEN DO; IF PCSAIDS=1 THEN _STDCNDM=1; ELSE IF PCSAIDS=2 THEN STDCNDM=2;

ELSE IF PCSAIDS IN (7,9) THEN _STDCNDM=9; ELSE IF PCSAIDS=. THEN STDCNDM=.;

END;

ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _STDCNDM=9;

ELSE _STDCNDM=.;